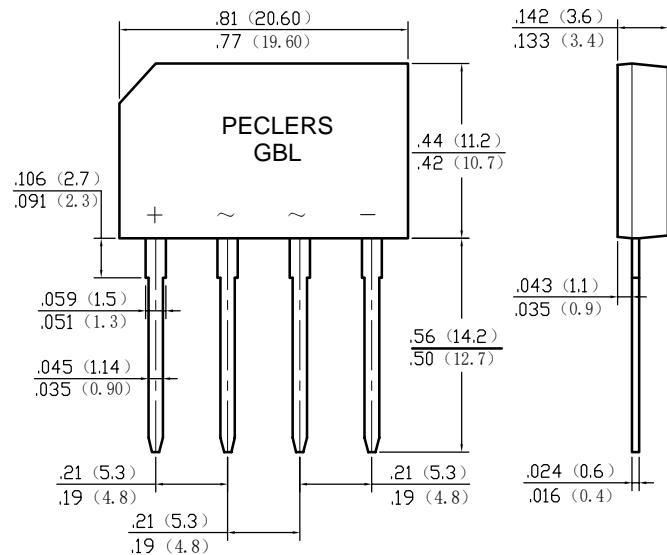


#### Features

- Glass passivated die construction
- Low forward voltage drop
- High current capability
- High surge current capability
- Plastic material-UL flammability 94V-0

#### Mechanical Data

- Case: GBL, molded plastic
- Terminals: plated leads solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- Polarity: as marked on case
- Mounting position: Any
- Marking: type number
- Lead Free: For RoHS / Lead Free Version



Dimensions in inches and (millimeters)

#### Maximum Ratings and Electrical Characteristics

Rating at 25°C ambient temperature unless otherwise specified.

Single Phase, half wave, 60Hz, resistive or inductive load.

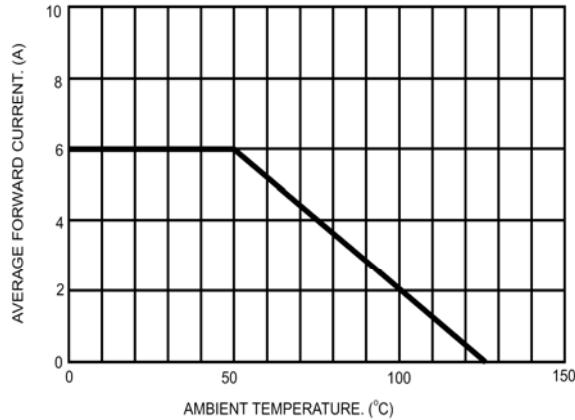
For capacitive load, derate current by 20%.

TYPE NUMBER	SYMBOL	GBL 6 005	GBL 6 01	GBL 6 02	GBL 6 04	GBL 6 06	GBL 6 08	GBL 6 10	UNITS
Peak Repetitive Reverse Voltage Working Peak Reverse Voltage DC Blocking Voltage	V <sub>RRM</sub>	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
	V <sub>RWM</sub>								
	V <sub>DC</sub>								
RMS Reverse Voltage	V <sub>RMS</sub>	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Average Rectified Output Current (Note 1) @T <sub>A</sub> =50 °C	I <sub>O</sub>								A
Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single half sine-wave superimposed on rated load (JEDEC Method)		I <sub>FSM</sub>							A
Forward Voltage per element @IF= 6.0A	V <sub>FM</sub>								V
Peak Reverse Current @T <sub>A</sub> =25°C At Rated DC Blocking Voltage @T <sub>A</sub> =125°C	I <sub>R</sub>								uA
Typical Thermal Resistance per leg	R <sub>θJA</sub>								°C/W
	R <sub>θJL</sub>								
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>J</sub> , T <sub>TSG</sub>								°C

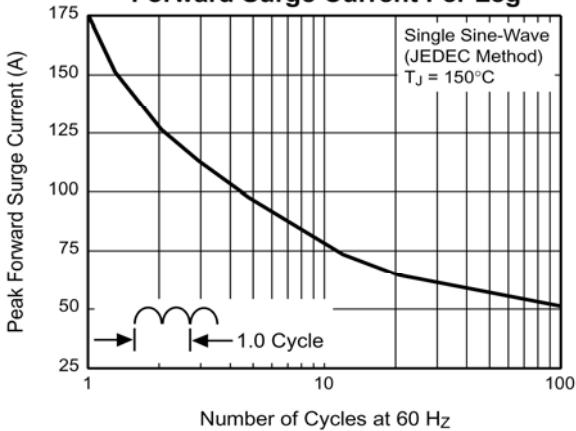
Note:1. Mounted on glass epoxy PC board with 1.3mm<sup>2</sup> solder pad.

### RATINGS AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

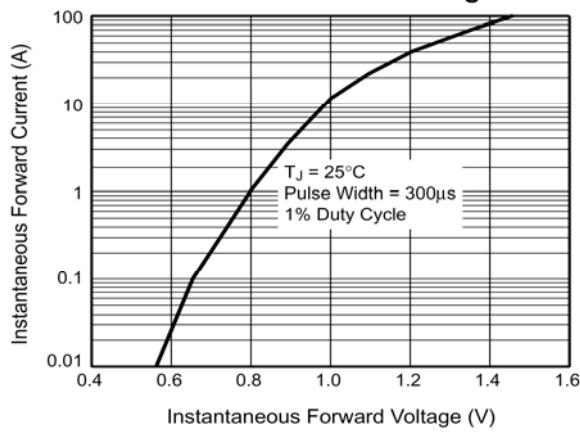
**FIG. 1 – MAXIMUM FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE**



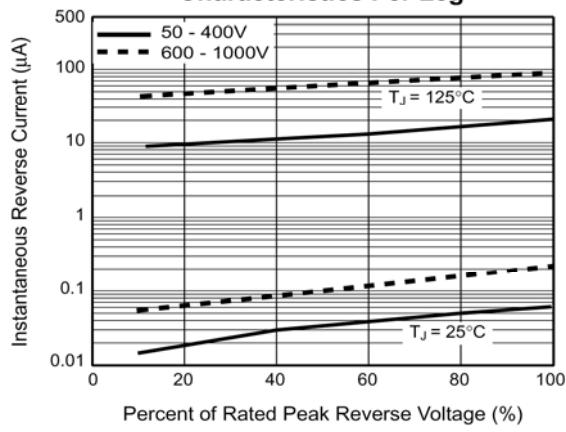
**Fig. 2 – Maximum Non-Repetitive Peak Forward Surge Current Per Leg**



**Fig. 3 – Typical Forward Characteristics Per Leg**



**Fig. 4 – Typical Reverse Leakage Characteristics Per Leg**



**Fig. 5 – Typical Junction Capacitance Per Leg**

